GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:1557
ANSWERED ON:24.07.2002
SSI UNITS
AJAY SINGH CHAUTALA

Will the Minister of SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of small scale units in the country as on date, State-wise;

(b) the total number of employees working in these units at present, State-wise;

(c) the minimum wages of these employees, State-wise;

(d) the contribution of these units in Gross Domestic Product (GDP), State-wise as on date; and

(e) the steps Government propose to take for expension of these units particularly in rural areas of the country?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) IN THE MINISTRY OF SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES, MINISTER OF STAT IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND TRAINING,DEPARTMENT OF PENSIONS AND PENSIONERS` WELFARE THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL,PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS, MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF ATOMIC ENERGY AND SPACE (SMT. VASUNDHARA RAJE)

(a): The total number of Small Scale Industrial units, bothregistered and unregistered, in the country at the end of March, 2002 is estimated at 34.42 lakhs. This includes 27.31 lakhs registered units. The State-wise data on number of units is maintained for registered units only which is given in the Annexure.

(b): The total employment generated in the Small Scale Industrialunits by the end of March, 2002 is estimated at 192.23 lakhs. State-wise break up is not maintained centrally.

(c): The information on minimum wages of these employees is not maintained centrally.

(d): the contribution of these units in Gross Domestic Product(1993-94 prices)in 2000-2001 is 6.75%. State-wise break up is not maintained centrally.

(e): The Government has launched several schemes/ programmes to encourage and promote SSIs throughout the country including the rural areas. These comprise of Integrated Infrastructure Development (IID), Prime Minister`s Rozgar Yojana (PMRY), National Programme for Rural Industrialisation (NPRI) and Entrepreneurship Development, etc. The IID scheme covers all the areas in the country with 50% reservation for rural areas. The scheme is aimed to create and develop infrastructural facilities like developed sites, power distribution network, water, telecommunication, drainage and pollution control facilities, roads, banks, raw materials, storage and marketing outlets, common service facilities and technology back-up services. Under PMRY scheme,bank finance is provided to educated unemployed youth for setting up self-employment ventures. Special entrepreneurship development programmes are arranged for rural areas by Small Industries Service Institutes (SISIs). The National Programme for Rural Industrialisation (NPRI) aims at setting up 100 rural clusters every year to give a boost to rural industrialization. Further, the Central Government has also announced comprehensive policy package on 30th August, 2000, for the promotion and development of Small Scale Industries, which includes incentives such as enhanced fiscal and credit support, better infrastructure and marketing facilities and assistance for technology upgradation.